

The Companies Act 2006

Company Limited by Guarantee

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**Articles of Association**

of

**Football for All**

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Company Number 15858622

The Companies Act 2006

Company Limited by Guarantee

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# The Companies Act 2006

## Articles of Association of Football for All

### **Interpretation**

#### **1. Defined Terms**

The interpretation of these Articles is governed by the provisions set out in the Schedule at the end of the Articles.

#### **2. Objects**

The objects of the Company are to carry on activities which benefit the community and in particular (without limitation):

- *To increase access to football and physical activity for people of all ages, genders and backgrounds, especially those living in low-income or underserved areas across the UK*
- *To promote participation in health recreation among those who face barriers to sport, whilst prioritising whilst not limiting activities for people from minority ethnic communities*
- *To support people from diverse backgrounds to take part in football as players, facilitators and volunteers*
- *To deliver programmes and activities which improve and address mental and physical wellbeing, reduce social isolation and strengthen community connections through inclusive prosocial football experiences*

#### **3. Powers**

To further its objects the Company may do all such lawful things as may further the Company's objects and, in particular, but, without limitation, may borrow or raise and secure the payment of money for any purpose including for the purposes of investment or of raising funds.

#### **4. Not for profit**

The Company is not established or conducted for private gain: any surplus or assets are used principally for the benefit of the community.

The income and property of the Company from wherever derived shall be applied solely in promoting the Company's objects.

#### **5. Winding up**

On the winding-up of the Company, after provision has been made for all its debts and liabilities, any assets or property that remains available to be distributed or paid, shall not be paid or distributed to the Members (except to a Member that qualifies under this Article) but shall be transferred to another body (charitable or otherwise) with objects similar to those of the Company. Such body to be determined by resolution of the Members at or before the time of winding up and, subject to any such resolution of the Members, may be made by resolution of the directors at or before the time of winding up.

#### **6. Guarantee**

The liability of each Member is limited to £1, being the amount that each Member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company in the event of its being wound up while they are a Member or within one year after they cease to be a Member, for payment of the Company's debts and liabilities contracted before they cease to be a Member, payment of the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up, and adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

## **Directors**

### **7. Unanimous decisions**

A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all Eligible Directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter. Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing. A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the Eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting.

### **8. Calling a directors' meeting**

Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving not less than five 5 Business Days' notice of the meeting (or such lesser notice as all the directors may agree) to the directors or by authorising the secretary (if any) to give such notice. Notice of a directors' meeting shall be given to each director in writing.

### **9. Quorum for directors' meetings**

Subject to article 9.2, the quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of directors is any two Eligible Directors, unless there is to be only one director in office for the time being, then that director shall form a quorum.

For the purposes of any meeting (or part of a meeting) held pursuant to article 11 to authorise a Conflict, if there is only one Eligible Director in office other than the Interested Director(s), the quorum for such meeting (or part of a meeting) shall be one Eligible Director.

If the total number of directors in office for the time being is less than the quorum required, the directors must not take any decision other than a decision: to appoint further directors; or to call a general meeting so as to enable the Members to appoint further directors

## 10. Casting vote

If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal at a meeting of directors are equal, the chairperson or other director chairing the meeting has a casting vote. Article 10.1 shall not apply in respect of a particular meeting (or part of a meeting) if, in accordance with the Articles, the chairperson or other director is not an Eligible Director for the purposes of that meeting (or part of a meeting).

## 11. Directors' conflicts of interest

The directors may, in accordance with the requirements set out in this article, authorise any Conflict proposed to them by any director which would, if not authorised, involve a director (an **Interested Director**) breaching their duty to avoid conflicts of interest under section 175 of the Act.

Any authorisation under this article 11 shall be effective only if:

- to the extent permitted by the Act, the matter in question shall have been proposed by any director for consideration in the same way that any other matter may be proposed to the directors under the provisions of these Articles or in such other manner as the directors may determine
- any requirement as to the quorum for consideration of the relevant matter is met without counting the Interested Director
- an Interested Director is permitted to vote in any authorisation of a Conflict.

Any authorisation of a Conflict under this article 11 may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):

- extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter or situation so authorised;
- provide that the Interested Director be excluded from the receipt of documents and information and the participation in discussions (whether at meetings of the directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;
- provide that the Interested Director shall or shall not be an Eligible Director in respect of any future decision of the directors in relation to any resolution related to the Conflict;
- impose upon the Interested Director such other terms for the purposes of dealing with the Conflict as the directors think fit;
- provide that, where the Interested Director obtains, or has obtained (through their involvement in the Conflict and otherwise than through their position as a

director of the Company) information that is confidential to a third party, they shall not be obliged to disclose that information to the Company, or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence; and

- permit the Interested Director to absent themselves from the discussion of matters relating to the Conflict at any meeting of the directors and be excused from reviewing papers prepared by, or for, the directors to the extent they relate to such matters.

Where the directors authorise a Conflict, the Interested Director shall be obliged to conduct themselves in accordance with any terms and conditions imposed by the directors in relation to the Conflict.

The directors may revoke or vary such authorisation at any time, but this shall not affect anything done by the Interested Director prior to such revocation or variation in accordance with the terms of such authorisation.

A director is not required, by reason of being a director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which they derive from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the directors in accordance with these Articles or by the Company in general meeting (subject in each case to any terms, limits or conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.

Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) and sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the Act, and provided the director has declared the nature and extent of their interest in accordance with the requirements of the Act, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company:

- may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested
- shall be an Eligible Director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the directors (or committee of directors) in respect of such existing or proposed transaction or arrangement in which they are interested
- shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors (or of a committee of the directors) or participate in any unanimous decision, in respect of such existing or proposed transaction or arrangement in which they are interested

- may act by themselves or their firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and they or their firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if that director were not a director
- may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested
- shall not, save as they may otherwise agree, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which that director (or a person connected with them (as defined in section 252 of the Act)) derives from any such transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of their duty under section 176 of the Act.

## **12. Records of decisions to be kept**

Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye.

## **13. Number of directors**

Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall not be less than two.

## **14. Appointment and removal of alternate directors**

Any director (other than an alternate director) (**Appointor**) may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors, to:

- exercise that director's powers
- carry out that director's responsibilities in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors, in the absence of the Appointor.

Any appointment or removal of an alternate director must be effected by notice in writing to the Company signed by the Appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors.

The notice must:

- identify the proposed alternate
- in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that they are willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice

## **15. Rights and responsibilities of alternate directors**

An alternate director may act as alternate director to more than one director and has the same rights in relation to any decision of the directors as the Appointor.

Except as the Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors are:

- deemed for all purposes to be directors
- liable for their own acts and omissions
- subject to the same restrictions as their Appointors
- not deemed to be agents of or for their Appointors and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which their Appointor is a Member.

A person who is an alternate director but not a director:

- may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present (but only if that person's Appointor is not participating)
- may participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if their Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision, but does not participate)
- shall not be counted as more than one director for the purposes of article 15.3.

A director who is also an alternate director is entitled, in the absence of their Appointor(s), to a separate vote on behalf of each Appointor, in addition to their own vote on any decision of the directors (provided that an Appointor for whom they exercise a separate vote is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision).

An alternate director may be paid expenses and may be indemnified by the Company to the same extent as if they were a director but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the Company for serving as an alternate director except such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to the alternate's Appointor as the Appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.

## **16. Termination of alternate directorship**

An alternate director's appointment as an alternate (in respect of a particular Appointor) terminates:

- when the alternate's Appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company in writing specifying when it is to terminate
- on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's Appointor, would result in the termination of the Appointor's appointment as a director
- on the death of the alternate's Appointor
- when the alternate director's Appointor ceases to be a director for whatever reason

## **17. Secretary**

The directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the directors so decide, appoint a replacement, in each case by a decision of the directors.

## **18. Change of company name**

The name of the Company may be changed by:

- a decision of the directors
- a special resolution of the Members
- or otherwise in accordance with the Act

## **Members**

### Becoming and ceasing to be a member

#### **19. Membership**

The Company shall admit to Membership an individual or organisation which: applies to the Company using the application process approved by the directors; and is approved by the directors.

An applicant for Membership must be proposed by a director.

The directors may in their absolute discretion decline to accept any application for Membership and need not give reasons for doing so.

The directors may prescribe criteria for Membership of the Company but shall not be obliged to accept persons fulfilling those criteria as Members.

The directors may establish different classes of Members and set out the different rights and obligations for each class, with such rights and obligations recorded in the Register of Members.

#### **20. Transfer of membership**

A Member may transfer their membership to another person by signing an instrument of transfer in any usual form or in any form approved by the Directors and depositing such document at the registered office of the Company.

Following deposit of the instrument of transfer at the registered office, the secretary shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, register the transferee in the Register of Members of the Company and notify the transferee of the date they become a Member.

No fee shall be charged for registering the transferee in the Register of Members.

When a Member dies or becomes bankrupt (if an individual) or goes into receivership, administrative receivership, administration, liquidation or other arrangement for the winding up of a company (if a company), the Membership shall

automatically pass to the personal representatives, trustee in bankruptcy, supervisor, receiver, administrator or administrative receiver (as appropriate) who may transfer such Membership rights in accordance with the procedure set out in article 20.1.

A Member may withdraw from Membership of the Company by giving 7 days' notice to the Company in writing and any person ceasing to be a Member shall be removed from the Register of Members.

## **21. Expulsion of member**

The directors may terminate the Membership of any Member without their consent by giving the Member written notice if, in the reasonable opinion of the directors, the Member:

- is guilty of conduct which has or is likely to have a serious adverse effect on the Company or bring the Company or any or all of the Members and directors into disrepute; or
- has acted or has threatened to act in a manner which is contrary to the interests of the Company as a whole; or
- has failed to observe the terms of these Articles or the Rules.

Following such termination, the Member shall be removed from the Register of Members.

The notice to the Member must give the Member the opportunity to be heard in writing or in person as to why their membership should not be terminated. The directors must consider any representations made by the Member and inform the Member of their decision following such consideration. There shall be no right to appeal from a decision of the directors to terminate the Membership of a Member.

## Decision making by members

### **22. Votes of members**

Subject to the Act, at any general meeting:

- every Member who is present in person (or by proxy) shall on a show of hands have one vote
- every Member present in person (or by proxy) shall on a poll have one vote.

### **23. Poll votes**

A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by any qualifying person (as defined in section 318(3) of the Act) present and entitled to vote at the meeting. Model Article 30(3) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

### **24. Proxies**

Model Article 31(1)(d) shall be deleted and replaced with the words "is delivered to the company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate".

Model Article 31(1) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid, unless the directors, in their discretion, accept the notice at any time before the meeting" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

Administrative arrangements

## **25. Means of communication to be used**

Any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on or delivered to the intended recipient:

- if properly addressed and sent by prepaid United Kingdom first class post to an address in the United Kingdom, 48 hours after it was posted (or five Business Days after posting either to an address outside the United Kingdom or from outside the United Kingdom to an address within the United Kingdom, if (in each case) sent by reputable international overnight courier addressed to the intended recipient, provided that delivery in at least five Business Days was guaranteed at the time of sending and the sending party receives a confirmation of delivery from the courier service provider);
- if properly addressed and delivered by hand, when it was given or left at the appropriate address; and
- if properly addressed and sent or supplied by electronic means, one hour after the document or information was sent or supplied;

For the purposes of this article, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a Business Day.

In proving that any notice, document or other information was properly addressed, it shall suffice to show that the notice, document or other information was addressed to an address permitted for the purpose by the Act.

## **26. Rules**

The directors may establish rules governing matters relating to Company administration that are required from time to time for the effective operation of the Company. If there is a conflict between the terms of these Articles and any rules established under this Article, the terms of these Articles shall prevail.

## 27. Indemnity and insurance

Subject to article 27.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer is otherwise entitled:

- each relevant officer shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by them as a relevant officer
- in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of their duties, or in relation to them
- including any liability incurred by them in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in their favour or in which they are acquitted or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on their part or in connection with any application in which the court grants them, in their capacity as a relevant officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company's (or any associated company's) affairs
- the Company may provide any relevant officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by them in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in article 27.1(a) and otherwise may take any action to enable any such relevant officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.

This article does not authorise any indemnity to the extent that such indemnity would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Act or by any other provision of law and any such indemnity is limited accordingly.

The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.

In this article:

- companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate; and
- a **relevant loss** means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that relevant officer's duties or powers in relation to the Company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company or associated company
- a **relevant officer** means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of the Company.

## SCHEDULE

### INTERPRETATION

#### Defined Terms

1. In these Articles, unless the context otherwise requires:

<b>Term</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
<b>"Act"</b>	means the Companies Act 2006
<b>"Appointor"</b>	has the meaning given in article 15(1)
<b>"Articles"</b>	means the Company's articles of association for the time being in force
<b>"Bankruptcy"</b>	includes insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy
<b>"Business Day"</b>	means any day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in England) when banks in London are open for business
<b>"Conflict"</b>	means a situation in which a director has or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company
<b>"Director"</b>	means a director of the Company and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called
<b>"Document"</b>	includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form

<b>“Electronic form”</b>	has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Act
<b>“Eligible Director”</b>	means a director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of directors (but excluding in relation to the authorisation of a Conflict pursuant to Article 11, any director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter)
<b>“Interested Director”</b>	has the meaning given in article 11.1
<b>“Member”</b>	means a person whose name is entered in the Register of Members of the Company and <b>Membership</b> shall be construed accordingly
<b>“Model Articles”</b>	means the model articles for private companies limited by guarantee contained in Schedule 2 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these Articles and reference to a numbered <b>“Model Article”</b> is a reference to that article of the Model Articles
<b>“Ordinary resolution”</b>	has the meaning given in section 282 of the Act
<b>“Participate”</b>	in relation to a director's meeting, has the meaning given in Model Article 10
<b>“Proxy notice”</b>	has the meaning given in Model Article 31
<b>“Secretary”</b>	means the secretary of the Company and any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the Company, including a joint, assistant

	or deputy secretary
<b>“Special resolution”</b>	has the meaning given in section 283 of the Act
<b>“Subsidiary”</b>	has the meaning given in section 1159 of the Act
<b>“Writing”</b>	means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise

2. Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles. Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles. A reference in these Articles to an **article** is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise. Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute or statutory provision shall include any subordinate legislation from time to time made under that statute or statutory provision.

3. Any word following the terms **including, include, in particular, for example** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms.

4. Model Article 3 (Directors' general authority) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "in accordance with its objects" after the words "the management of the Company's business".

5. Model Article 7 (Directors to take decisions collectively) shall be amended by: the insertion of the words "for the time being" at the end of Model Article 7(2)(a); and the insertion in Model Article 7(2) of the words "(for so long as he

remains the sole director)" after the words "and the director may". The insertion of the words at the end of Model Article 7(2) "A sole director shall be entitled to exercise all powers and discretions conferred on the directors by the Act or the Articles and that nothing in these Articles is to be construed as requiring the company to have more than one director ".

6. Model Article 20 shall be amended by the insertion of the words "(including alternate directors) " before the words "properly incur".